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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/646,261	08/21/2003	Frank Liebenow	P1947US00	9525
24333 7590 11/24/2008 EXAMINER				IINER
ATTN: Patent A	Attorney	PRABHAKHER, PRITHAM DAVID		
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/646,261	LIEBENOW, FRANK				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		PRITHAM PRABHAKHER	2622				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
Status							
1)[\	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 10 Ju	dv 2008					
•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	action is non-final.					
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
٥,١	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Dispositi	ion of Claims	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					
· -		s/are pending in the application					
-	Claim(s) <u>1-3,5-7,9-14,16-20,22-31 and 33-48</u> is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
· —	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) <u>1-3,5-7,9-14,16-20,22-31 and 33-48</u> is/are rejected.						
· ·	Claim(s) is/are objected to.	state rejected.					
•	Claim(s) are subjected to: Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement					
ا ال	are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.					
Applicati	on Papers						
9)	The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>21 August 2003</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ objected to by the Examiner.							
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 							
2) Notic	e of References Cited (PTO-892) se of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date 08/21/2003 and 06/14/2006.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ite				

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed on 07/10/2008 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

1. On Page 13 of the Arguments Section (07/10/2008), the applicant argues that the Tanaka (JP 2002-152570A1) reference fails to teach or disclose a means for permitting manual alteration of at least one parameter among the set of operational parameters to be used in capturing the digital image. The examiner respectfully disagrees with this assertion. In the examiner's opinion, the Tanaka reference discloses the user manually altering/choosing at least one parameter among a set of operational parameters (Figure 9 and Paragraphs 0040-0042 of Tanaka).

Therefore, for the reason given above, the rejections for claims 1-3, 5-7, 9-14, 16-20, 22-31 and 33-45 will be maintained. Newly added claims 46-48, necessitated a new search and will be rejected based on a new grounds.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-3,5-7,9-14,16-20,22-31 and 33-45 are rejected under 35

U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tanaka (JP 2002-152570A1) and further in view of Iwamura (US Pub No.: 20050018766A1).

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(Unless specified all cited paragraphs are from the TECHNICAL FIELD section in the translated copy from the PAJ website)

In regard to **Claim 1,** Tanaka discloses a method of configuring a digital camera capable of capturing an image (Paragraph 0001 under the detailed description section), the method comprising:

providing more than one format selection (profiles) to be used in capturing the digital image (Each of the Profiles represent a format selection, Figures 4, 12 and Paragraphs 0009, 0033-0036, 0044-0046), each format selection (profile selection) corresponding to a unique set of parameters for the capture of the digital image (Each of the profiles has it's own unique set of parameters associated with it in the capturing of the digital image, Figures 4, 12 and Paragraphs 0009, 0033-0036, 0044-0046 and 0054-0058);

permitting manual alteration of at least one parameter among the unique set of parameters to be used in capturing the digital image (The user manually alters/chooses at least one parameter among a set of operational parameters (Figure 9 and Paragraphs 0040-0042 of Tanaka).

assigning an icon (profile 1, 2, 3 etc.) to each of said more than one format selections (An icon (141 in Figure 12) can be assigned to more than one of the profiles, Paragraphs 0054-0058 and Figures 4, 12);

displaying each of said icons in a user interface of the digital camera (Figure 12, 10 is an LCD screen of the camera (Paragraph 0061));

receiving an input for selecting one format selection, said input being a selection of one of said icons (Looking at Figure 12, the format (profile) selections are shown.

Selecting the profile selection would also select one of the icons appended to it); and retrieving a set of parameters associated with the format selection in response to said receiving the input for selecting said one format selection (Selecting or loading a format/profile would retrieve a set of parameters associated with it. An example of parameters associated with a profile can be found in Figure 4);

wherein the set of parameters for each of said more than one format selection include settings for compression level, height resolution and width resolution (Paragraphs 0041-0042).

However, Tanaka does not disclose that one of the parameters may include color depth. Iwamura discloses a camera system that has color depth as one of its parameters, Claim 7 of Iwamura. It would have been obvious and well known to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to incorporate color depth into the list of parameters disclosed by Tanaka, because it is useful in determining the degree to which the user wants color to appear in a captured image.

Regarding Claim 2, Tanaka and Iwamura disclose a method in accordance with claim 1, further comprising:

setting the operational parameters of the camera to the retrieved set of parameters (When the user loads the profile name that has a certain set of parameters that belong to it, these are now set as the operational parameters that are used to capture an image, **Paragraphs 0061-0063 of Tanaka**).

In regard to **Claim 3**, Tanaka and Iwamura disclose a method in accordance with claim 2, further comprising:

capturing the digital image using said set of parameters (When the user loads the profile name that has a certain set of parameters that belong to it, these are now set as the operational parameters that are used to capture an image, **Paragraphs 0005 and 0061-0063 of Tanaka**).

With regard to Claim 5, Tanaka and Iwamura disclose a method in accordance with claim 1, wherein providing comprises providing at least two format selections (Each of the profiles listed in Figures 4 and 12 of Tanaka represent a different format selection), the set of parameters of a first format selection including a higher resolution setting than that of the set of parameters of a second format selection (Profile 5 has a higher resolution setting than Profile 8, Figure 4 of Tanaka).

Regarding **Claim 6**, Tanaka and Iwamura disclose a method in accordance with claim 1, wherein providing comprises providing at least two format selections (Each of the profiles listed in Figures 4 and 12 of Tanaka represent a different format selection),

the set of parameters of a first format selection including a higher compression setting than that of the set of parameters of a second format selection (Although it is hard to tell from the Japanese image, it can be inferred from the specification of the translation to the Tanaka reference that a first format (profile) selection can have a higher compression setting than a second profile selection, **Paragraphs 0041-0042 of Tanaka**).

Regarding Claim 7, Tanaka and Iwamura disclose a method in accordance with claim 1, wherein at least one parameter of the set of parameters is selected from the group consisting of total resolution, stereoscopic toggle, black/white – color toggle, and black/white grayscale level. Tanaka discloses setting a parameter selected from a group consisting of total resolution as shown in Figure 4 of Tanaka. However, Tanaka and Iwamura do not explicitly teach or disclose that the group of parameters consists of total resolution, stereoscopic toggle, black/white - color toggle, and black/white grayscale level. Official notice is taken saying it would have been obvious and well known to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to incorporate any one of these given parameters into the current invention, because setting of the mentioned parameters helps the user to control exactly how the image should be captured to fit a required need.

Regarding **Claim 9**, Tanaka and Iwamura disclose a method in accordance with claim 1, further comprising:

assigning a unique name to each of the format selections (A unique name (142 in Figure 12 of Tanaka) is assigned to each format (profile) selection, Figures 4 and 12; Paragraphs 0054-0058 of Tanaka).

In regard to **Claim 10**, Tanaka and Iwamura disclose a method in accordance with claim 1, wherein each of said icons (profiles) is a unique icon (Each of the profiles is unique and has a different number assigned to it, **Figures 4 and 12 of Tanaka**).

Regarding Claim 11, Tanaka and Iwamura disclose a method in accordance with claim 1, further comprising:

assigning the parameters associated with a format selection to default values

(Profile 0 (format selection 0) represents default parameter settings, Paragraph 0037 of

Tanaka).

In regard to **Claim 12**, Tanaka and Iwamura disclose a method in accordance with claim 1, further comprising:

modifying at least one parameter of a set of parameters associated with a format selection (The parameters under a profile can be modified and saved under a given profile, Figures 10-12 and Paragraphs 0009, 0033-0036, 0041-0046 of Tanaka).

Regarding Claim 13, Tanaka and Iwamura disclose a method in accordance with claim 1, further comprising:

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generating a new format selection including an associated set of parameters (Figures 10-12 and Paragraphs 0009, 0033-0036, 0041-0046 of Tanaka).

With regard to Claim 14, Tanaka discloses a digital camera user interface (Figures 9-12) comprising:

means for assigning at least one shortcut (profile 1, 2, 3 etc.), (Each of the Profiles represent a shortcut selection, Figures 4, 12 and Paragraphs 0009, 0033-0036, 0044-0046) to a unique set of operational parameters suitable for capturing a digital image with the digital camera (Each of the profiles has it's own unique set of parameters associated with it in the capturing of the digital image, Figures 4, 12 and Paragraphs 0009, 0033-0036, 0044-0046 and 0054-0058);

means for permitting a user to select the at least one shortcut (Looking at Figure 12, the shortcut (profile) selections are shown. Selecting the profile selection would also select one of the icons appended to it);

means for adding a new shortcut and assigning operational parameters to said new shortcut (New profiles/shortcuts can be created and saved. Parameters are assigned to the respective profiles, **Figures 4 and 9-12**; **Paragraphs 0009, 0033-0036, 0044-0046 and 0054-0058**);

means for permitting manual alteration of at least one parameter among the set of operational parameters to be used in capturing the digital image (The user manually alters/chooses at least one parameter among a set of operational parameters (Figure 9 and Paragraphs 0040-0042 of Tanaka); and

means for assigning a unique name to said new shortcut (A unique name (142 in Figure 12 of Tanaka) is assigned to each shortcut (profile) selection, Figures 4 and 12; Paragraphs 0054-0058 of Tanaka);

wherein the set of operational parameters include settings for compression level, height resolution and width resolution (Paragraphs 0041-0042).

However, Tanaka does not disclose that one of the parameters may include color depth. Iwamura discloses a camera system that has color depth as one of its parameters, Claim 7 of Iwamura. It would have been obvious and well known to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to incorporate color depth into the list of parameters disclosed by Tanaka, because it is useful in determining the degree to which the user wants color to appear in a captured image.

In regard to Claim 16, Tanaka and Iwamura disclose a user interface in accordance with claim 14, wherein the at least one shortcut (profile icon) comprises at least two shortcuts (Each of the profiles listed in Figures 4 and 12 of Tanaka represent a different format selection), the set of parameters of a first shortcut including a higher resolution setting than that of the set of parameters of a second shortcut (Profile 5 has a higher resolution setting than Profile 8, Figure 4 of Tanaka).

Regarding Claim 17, Tanaka and Iwamura disclose a user interface in accordance with claim 14, wherein the at least one shortcut comprises at least two

shortcuts (Each of the profiles listed in Figures 4 and 12 of Tanaka represent a different format selection), the set of parameters of a first shortcut including a higher compression setting than that of the set of parameters of a second shortcut (Although it is hard to tell from the Japanese image, it can be inferred from the specification of the translation to the Tanaka reference that a first format (profile) selection can have a higher compression setting than a second profile selection, **Paragraphs 0041-0042 of Tanaka**).

In regard to Claim 18, Tanaka and Iwamura disclose a user interface in accordance with claim 14, further comprising:

means for changing at least one parameter of a set of parameters of at least one shortcut (The parameters under a profile/shortcut can be modified and saved under a given profile, Figures 10-12 and Paragraphs 0009, 0033-0036, 0041-0046 of Tanaka).

With regard to Claim 19, Tanaka and Iwamura disclose a user interface in accordance with claim 14, further comprising:

means for changing the settings of the digital camera to include the set of operational parameters (When the user loads the profile name that has a certain set of parameters that belong to it, these are now set as the operational parameters that are used to capture an image, **Paragraphs 0061-0063 of Tanaka**).

Regarding Claim 20, Tanaka and Iwamura disclose a user interface in accordance with claim 14, wherein the means for permitting further comprises:

means for bypassing the at least one shortcut (A profile can be bypassed by not loading it from the load profile screen in Figure 12); and

means for permitting a user to directly select camera operational parameters (Paragraph 0037).

In regard to Claim 22, Tanaka and Iwamura disclose a user interface in accordance with claim 14, wherein the means for assigning operational parameters to said new shortcut comprises means for assigning default values for said operational parameters (Profile 0 (format selection 0) represents default parameter settings, Paragraph 0037 of Tanaka).

Regarding Claim 23, Tanaka and Iwamura disclose a user interface in accordance with claim 14, further comprising means for assigning the parameters associated with a shortcut to default values (Profile 0 (format selection 0) represents default parameter settings, Paragraph 0037 of Tanaka).

With regard to Claim 24, Tanaka and Iwamura disclose a user interface in accordance with claim 14, wherein at least one parameter of the set of parameters is selected from the group consisting of total resolution, stereoscopic toggle, black/white – color toggle, and black/white grayscale level. Tanaka discloses setting a parameter

selected from a group consisting of total resolution as shown in Figure 4 of Tanaka. However, Tanaka and Iwamura do not explicitly teach or disclose that the group of parameters consists of total resolution, stereoscopic toggle, black/white - color toggle, and black/white grayscale level. Official notice is taken saying it would have been obvious and well known to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to incorporate any one of these given parameters into the current invention, because setting of the mentioned parameters helps the user to control exactly how the image should be captured to fit a required need.

In regard to Claim 25, Tanaka discloses a digital camera user interface comprising:

logic configured to assign at least one shortcut (Each of the Profiles represent a shortcut selection, Figures 4, 12 and Paragraphs 0009, 0033-0036, 0044-0046) to a unique set of operational parameters suitable for capturing a digital image with the digital camera (Each of the profiles has it's own unique set of parameters associated with it in the capturing of the digital image, Figures 4, 12 and Paragraphs 0009, 0033-0036, 0044-0046 and 0054-0058);

logic configured to permit a user to select the at least one shortcut (Looking at Figure 12, the shortcut (profile) selections are shown. Selecting the profile selection would also select one of the icons appended to it);

logic configured to add a new shortcut and assign operational parameters to said new shortcut (New profiles/shortcuts can be created and saved. Parameters are

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assigned to the respective profiles, Figures 4 and 9-12; Paragraphs 0009, 0033-0036, 0044-0046 and 0054-0058);

logic configured to permit manual alteration of at least one parameter among the set of operational parameters to be used in capturing the digital image (The user manually alters/chooses at least one parameter among a set of operational parameters (Figure 9 and Paragraphs 0040-0042 of Tanaka); and

logic configured to assign a unique name to said new shortcut (A unique name (142 in Figure 12 of Tanaka) is assigned to each shortcut (profile) selection, Figures 4 and 12; Paragraphs 0054-0058 of Tanaka);

wherein the set of operational parameters include settings for compression level, height resolution and width resolution (Paragraphs 0041-0042).

However, Tanaka does not disclose that one of the parameters may include color depth. Iwamura discloses a camera system that has color depth as one of its parameters, Claim 7 of Iwamura. It would have been obvious and well known to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to incorporate color depth into the list of parameters disclosed by Tanaka, because it is useful in determining the degree to which the user wants color to appear in a captured image.

Also, it is inherent that there is logic present in the camera to permit the user to select a list of choices (parameters) from the items (shortcuts).

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Regarding Claim 26, Tanaka and Iwamura disclose a user interface in accordance with claim 25, wherein the operational parameters comprise resolution and compression level (Paragraphs 0041-0042 of Tanaka).

In regard to Claim 27, Tanaka and Iwamura disclose a user interface in accordance with claim 26, wherein the at least one shortcut comprises at least two shortcuts (Each of the profiles listed in Figures 4 and 12 of Tanaka represent a different format selection), the set of parameters of a first shortcut including a higher resolution setting than that of the set of parameters of a second shortcut (Profile 5 has a higher resolution setting than Profile 8, Figure 4 of Tanaka).

With regard to Claim 28, Tanaka and Iwamura disclose a user interface in accordance with claim 26, wherein the at least one shortcut comprises at least two shortcuts (Each of the profiles listed in Figures 4 and 12 of Tanaka represent a different format selection), the set of parameters of a first shortcut including a higher compression setting than that of the set of parameters of a second shortcut (Although it is hard to tell from the Japanese image, it can be inferred from the specification of the translation to the Tanaka reference that a first format (profile) selection can have a higher compression setting than a second profile selection, Paragraphs 0041-0042 of Tanaka).

In regard to Claim 29, Tanaka and Iwamura disclose a user interface in accordance with claim 25, further comprising:

logic configured to change at least one parameter of a set of parameters of at least one shortcut (The parameters under a profile/shortcut can be modified and saved under a given profile, **Figures 10-12 and Paragraphs 0009, 0033-0036, 0041-0046 of Tanaka**).

Regarding Claim 30, Tanaka and Iwamura disclose a user interface in accordance with claim 29, further comprising:

logic configured to change the settings of the digital camera to include the set of operational parameters (When the user loads the profile name that has a certain set of parameters that belong to it, these are now set as the operational parameters that are used to capture an image, **Paragraphs 0061-0063 of Tanaka**).

With regard to Claim 31, Tanaka and Iwamura disclose a user interface in accordance with claim 25, wherein the logic configured to permit further comprises:

logic configured to bypass the at least one shortcut (A profile can be bypassed by not loading it from the load profile screen in Figure 12); and

logic configured to permit a user to directly select camera operational parameters (Paragraph 0037).

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Regarding Claim 33, Tanaka and Iwamura disclose a user interface in accordance with claim 25, wherein the logic configured to assign operational parameters to said new shortcut comprises logic configured to assign default values for said operational parameters (Profile 0 (format selection 0) represents default parameter settings, Paragraph 0037 of Tanaka).

In regard to **Claim 34**, Tanaka and Iwamura disclose a user interface in accordance with claim 25, further comprising logic configured to assign the parameters associated with a shortcut to default values (Profile 0 (format selection 0) represents default parameter settings, **Paragraph 0037 of Tanaka**).

Regarding Claim 35, Tanaka and Iwamura disclose a user interface in accordance with claim 25, wherein at least one parameter of the set of parameters is selected from the group consisting of total resolution, stereoscopic toggle, black/white – color toggle, and black/white grayscale level. Tanaka discloses setting a parameter selected from a group consisting of total resolution as shown in Figure 4 of Tanaka. However, Tanaka and Iwamura do not explicitly teach or disclose that the group of parameters consists of total resolution, stereoscopic toggle, black/white - color toggle, and black/white grayscale level. Official notice is taken saying it would have been obvious and well known to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to incorporate any one of these given parameters into the current invention, because

setting of the mentioned parameters helps the user to control exactly how the image should be captured to fit a required need.

With regard to Claim 36, Tanaka and Iwamura disclose a method in accordance with claim 9, wherein the unique name indicates an intended usage of the digital image for which said retrieved a set of parameters associated with the format selection is suitable (Paragraph 0009 of Tanaka).

In regard to Claim 37, Tanaka and Iwamura disclose a user interface in accordance with claim 14, wherein the unique name indicates an intended usage of a digital image for which said unique set of operational parameters is suitable (Paragraph 0009 of Tanaka).

Regarding Claim 38, Tanaka and Iwamura disclose a user interface in accordance with claim 25, wherein the unique name indicates an intended usage of a digital image for which said unique set of operational parameters are suitable (Paragraph 0009 of Tanaka).

With regard to Claim 39, Tanaka and Iwamura disclose a method in accordance with claim 9, wherein said assigning a unique name to each of the format selections comprises:

assigning a unique name to each icon (A unique name (142 in Figure 12 of Tanaka) is assigned to each format/icon (profile) selection, Figures 4 and 12; Paragraphs 0054-0058 of Tanaka).

In regard to **Claim 40**, Tanaka and Iwamura disclose a method in accordance with claim 1, further comprising:

displaying as an alternative to said icons an option to individually select each one of said parameters (Figure 9 shows that individual parameters can be selected, Figure 9 of Tanaka).

Regarding Claim 41, Tanaka and Iwamura disclose a user interface in accordance with claim 14, further comprising:

means for providing, as an alternative to said shortcuts, an option to individually select each one of said operational parameters (Figure 9 shows that individual parameters can be selected, Figure 9 of Tanaka).

In regard to Claim 42, Tanaka and Iwamura disclose a user interface in accordance with claim 25, further comprising:

logic for providing, as an alternative to said shortcuts, an option to individually select each one of said operational parameters (Figure 9 shows that individual parameters can be selected, Figure 9 of Tanaka).

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Regarding Claim 43, Tanaka and Iwamura disclose a method in accordance with claim 1, wherein at least two parameters in said set of parameters are independent of each other (Figure 4 of Tanaka).

With regard to Claim 44, Tanaka and Iwamura disclose a user interface in accordance with claim 14, wherein at least two parameters in said set of operational parameters are independent of each other (Figure 4 of Tanaka).

In regard to **Claim 45**, Tanaka and Iwamura disclose a user interface in accordance with claim 25, wherein at least two parameters in said set of operational parameters are independent of each other **(Figure 4 of Tanaka)**.

Claims 46-48 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tanaka (JP 2002-152570A1) and Iwamura (US Pub No.: 20050018766A1) as applied to claims 1, 14 and 48 above and further in view of Prabhu et al. (US Patent No.: 6903762B2)

In regard to **Claim 46**, Tanaka and Iwamura do not disclose a method in accordance with claim 1, further comprising: providing a toggle control to selectively display a novice parameter menu or an advanced parameter menu, said advanced

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parameter menu including a wider selection than said novice parameter menu of available parameters for creating the unique set of parameters.

Prabhu et al. disclose a customized GUI interface on a camera wherein the user can toggle between their experience levels. The software on the camera can be customized to provide a novice user a list of features/parameters that are very simple. If the GUI is customized to the novice user, most of the parameters are automatically selected and the user has a limited selection of parameters available at their disposal as opposed to in an advanced setting where there are more parameters available for selection by the user, Column 10, Line 5 to Column 11, Line 32 of Prabhu et al.. It would have been obvious and well-known to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to incorporate the feature of providing a novice or advanced parameter menu to a user as disclosed by Prabhu et al. into the teachings of Tanaka and Iwamura, because this customizes and caters to the specific needs the user wants from the camera, Column 2, Lines 7-14 and Lines 42 to 51 of Prabhu et al..

With regard to Claim 47, Tanaka and Iwamura do not disclose a user interface in accordance with claim 14, further comprising: providing a toggle control to selectively display a novice parameter menu or an advanced parameter menu, said advanced parameter menu including a wider selection than said novice parameter menu of available parameters for creating the unique set of operational parameters.

Prabhu et al. disclose a customized GUI interface on a camera wherein the user can toggle between their experience levels. The software on the camera can be

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customized to provide a novice user a list of features/parameters that are very simple. If the GUI is customized to the novice user, most of the parameters are automatically selected and the user has a limited selection of parameters available at their disposal as opposed to in an advanced setting where there are more parameters available for selection by the user, Column 10, Line 5 to Column 11, Line 32 of Prabhu et al.. It would have been obvious and well-known to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to incorporate the feature of providing a novice or advanced parameter menu to a user as disclosed by Prabhu et al. into the teachings of Tanaka and Iwamura, because this customizes and caters to the specific needs the user wants from the camera, Column 2, Lines 7-14 and Lines 42 to 51 of Prabhu et al..

In regard to **Claim 48**, Tanaka and Iwamura do not disclose a user interface in accordance with claim 25, further comprising: providing a toggle control to selectively display a novice parameter menu or an advanced parameter menu, said advanced parameter menu including a wider selection than said novice parameter menu of available parameters for creating the unique set of operational parameters.

Prabhu et al. disclose a customized GUI interface on a camera wherein the user can toggle between their experience levels. The software on the camera can be customized to provide a novice user a list of features/parameters that are very simple. If the GUI is customized to the novice user, most of the parameters are automatically selected and the user has a limited selection of parameters available at their disposal as opposed to in an advanced setting where there are more parameters available for

selection by the user, Column 10, Line 5 to Column 11, Line 32 of Prabhu et al.. It would have been obvious and well-known to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to incorporate the feature of providing a novice or advanced parameter menu to a user as disclosed by Prabhu et al. into the teachings of Tanaka and Iwamura, because this customizes and caters to the specific needs the user wants from the camera, Column 2, Lines 7-14 and Lines 42 to 51 of Prabhu et al..

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to PRITHAM PRABHAKHER whose telephone number is

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(571)270-1128. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (7:30-5:00) Alt Friday's

Off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, David Ometz can be reached on (571)272-7593. The fax phone number for

the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the

Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for

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For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should

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